The water problem will be solved soon

MP Sevil Azizova told Sputnik Azerbaijan that important measures have been taken to solve water problems. Currently, the situation in Neftchala is tense. Due to the mixing of the Caspian Sea with the Kura, the city of Neftchala and 38 villages in the region were deprived of drinking water. With the support of the Ministry of Emergency Situations, the district executive power and Azersu OJSC, water is transported there by both machines and modular devices. Tanks are installed.

It should be noted that currently there is a shortage of water in the country.

The MP said that the recent meeting of the President’s leadership on water issues confirms this: "As a result of the work done, the supply of drinking water in Baku increased from 40% to 80%, and in the regions from 9% to 63%." In addition, the construction of new reservoirs and drilling of artesian wells have had a significant impact on this process."

According to her, the goal now is to meet 100% of people's needs for drinking water and irrigation water.

"Mr. President’s signing of the Order on Additional Measures to Ensure the Efficient Use of Water Resources also serves this purpose," Huseynova said.

Gazakh's water problem is being solved

Drinking water and sewerage systems in Gazakh are being reconstructed in accordance with the state program for socio-economic development of the regions approved by President Ilham Aliyev. This was reported to KhazarKhabar by Azersu OJSC.

According to the report, water supply systems established in Gazakh in the 1970s have fallen into disrepair. Due to population growth and settlement expansion in the past, the infrastructure is not able to meet current and future needs. Taking all this into account, in 2019, within the framework of a project co-financed by the Government of Azerbaijan and the Islamic Development Bank, the reconstruction of drinking water and sewerage systems in Gazakh began. The project is designed to improve access to water and sanitation services for 26,000 people in Gazakh. The project envisages the supply of drinking water to Aghkoynak, Garapapag, Huseynbeyli and Dag Kasaman villages of Gazakh region and Agstafa region in the future. In total, 45,000 residents will benefit from the project. 7 out of 12 subartesian wells to be drilled in Agstafa region have been drilled to provide the city of Gazakh and surrounding villages with sustainable drinking water.

A 4 km section of the 9 km main water pipeline was laid from the water source to Gazakh. More than 60 percent of the work on the construction of a reservoir with a capacity of 10,000 cubic meters has been completed to provide the city with sustainable drinking water. An 80-km section of the 106-km water distribution network to be built in Gazakh has been built. In total, meters will be installed from the new network to 5870 addresses. At the same time, the city's sewerage infrastructure is being reconstructed. 70% of the work on the construction of 82 km of sewerage network and 4.4 km of sewerage collector in the city has been completed. The construction of drinking water and sewerage networks is planned to be completed by the end of 2020. In order to treat and neutralize the wastewater generated in the city, the construction of a wastewater treatment plant with a capacity of 10,000 cubic meters per day is underway.

In order to improve the working conditions of employees and the quality of services provided to consumers, the construction of a modern office building for the Gazakh Sukanal Area has been completed and the building is currently being finalized.
Desalination of seawater can solve the water problem

Environmental processes and climate change in the world have led to a shortage of drinking water. According to Trend.az, one of the measures taken to prevent the shortage of drinking water in several countries around the world is the desalination of sea water. This practice is also used in Azerbaijan. Thus, salt water is turned into fresh water in the Caspian Sea Water Desalination Complex located in Salyan region. The plant was built in 2012 in the village of Khidirli, Salyan region, equipped with reverse osmosis membranes and high technology, which allows to treat seawater to the level of drinking water in order to effectively address the problem of future water shortages.

The idea of building the plant belongs to the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan Ilham Aliyev and was implemented as a pilot project to identify alternative sources and gain experience in organizing their use in Azerbaijan, which has the least fresh water resources in the region against the background of growing global demand for clean water.

In the first stage, taking into account the needs, the plant was equipped to produce 1,000 cubic meters of fresh water per day from sea water.

In 2016, the plant’s capacity was doubled to 2,000 cubic meters per day without additional construction work.

Gabil Teymurov, director of the Seawater Desalination Plant, said that seawater is taken from a distance of 12 km and the water that was initially deposited is then pumped to reservoirs.

A 200-meter-long, 8-meter-wide, 5-meter-high dam was built to draw water from the sea, 3 metal water tanks with a capacity of 500 m3 and 200 m3 were installed, and a 500 m3 underground reinforced concrete reservoir was installed. 6 reservoirs insulated with geotextile membrane cover with the volume of 150 m3, 500 m3, 2000 m3, 20000 m3 and 25000 m3, 750 m2 building where the equipment is installed, 120 m2 office building, etc. was built.

The head of the plant noted that this water can be used both for drinking and for irrigation.

https://az.trend.az/business/3280648.html
Deputy Minister: "It is planned to allocate funds to Azersu and other organizations in connection with the water problem"

"A relevant commission has been set up on the water problem. The deputy prime minister heads the commission. Preliminary proposals have already been submitted.

APA reports that Deputy Finance Minister Azer Bayramov said this during the discussion of the draft law on amendments to the Law of the Republic of Azerbaijan “On State Budget of the Republic of Azerbaijan for 2020” at today's meeting of the parliament.

The Deputy Minister said that it is planned to allocate funds to Azersu and other organizations in connection with the water problem: “It should be noted that some of the funds allocated to these organizations in 2019 have not been used yet. They will also be used."
The initial stage of webinars on "Efficient use of water resources" has been completed

In July-August 2020, the United Nations Development Program (UNDP), the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources, the Republican Center for Child and Youth Development of the Ministry of Education jointly organized an online awareness program on "Efficient use of water resources". At the end of the initial stage of the program, which started on July 18, UNDP Deputy Resident Representative Charu Bist, Deputy Minister of Education Firudin Gurbanov, Deputy Minister of Ecology and Natural Resources Vugar Karimov spoke on the topic. At the webinar, representatives of both ministries presented the relevant order of the President of the Republic of Azerbaijan Ilham Aliyev on additional measures to eliminate water problems, ensure efficient use of water resources and information on the Action Plan for 2020-2022. Speaking at the opening ceremony, Deputy Minister of Education Firudin Gurbanov noted that life itself and all human activities are inextricably linked with the use of water resources, and water plays an important role in the survival of all living organisms. In his speech, Firudin Gurbanov said that water is a key factor in supporting sustainable development and protecting it from serious global risks. stressed the importance of. At the end of his speech, the Deputy Minister thanked the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources and UNDP for the support on behalf of the Ministry of Education and wished success to all participants in their future activities and recommended more active participation of the younger generation in protecting the environment and water resources. Deputy Minister of Ecology and Natural Resources Vugar Karimov said that the world's freshwater resources are declining and the main reason is global climate change. Vugar Karimov noted that Azerbaijan is among the countries with less water and the problem of water shortage does not pass our country. 70% of the country's water resources are formed outside the country and are transited to Azerbaijan by rivers such as the Kura, Araz and Samur. The constant drought of the last 8 years has led to a decrease in our water resources. Therefore, it is necessary to strengthen control over the efficient use of water resources, its fair distribution and use. The ministry official spoke about the work done to save water in the country, and called on everyone to use water efficiently and economically to avoid serious water shortages in the future. Charu Bist, UNDP Deputy Resident Representative, said that 844 million people worldwide suffer from water shortages and 600 million children live in areas with poor access to clean water. He noted that according to international experience, the problem of water scarcity in some countries has been achieved through the effective management of water resources in various sectors. Charu Bist also stressed that today young people are the main driving force for positive change in the world. He noted that they are actively involved at the local, national and global levels in raising awareness of young people, implementing awareness programs, nature conservation, as well as the promotion of renewable energy and the adoption of environmentally friendly practices.

It was noted that the main goal of the program is to solve the problems of water in the world, including in Azerbaijan, human life and health, especially clean water and its use, which is one of the most important issues for the protection of life and health of children. Also, the impact of climate change on water resources, the introduction of new energy-saving technologies in the field of water use and awareness of students in the prevention of water loss, as well as increasing the knowledge of teachers and methodologists in this area. Informative online webinars were organized every Saturday for two hours with the participation of expert hydrologists, ecologists, leading employees of the Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources, RUGIM specialists, journalists, and representatives of environmental NGOs. Presentations for children and young audiences and teachers, interactive surveys, animated films and social videos were shown, time was set aside for questions and answers, and pilot projects for schools and households were discussed. The webinars were held online in a group of 300 participants and broadcast live on social media, so that every interested child and adult could get a link to join the online broadcasts, ask questions or listen to a specialist. Along with schoolchildren, more than 50 regional centers of the country have joined the program.

https://edu.gov.az/az/page/9/18726
The problem of drinking water in Neftchala is being eliminated

In accordance with the recommendations and instructions given by President Ilham Aliyev at an extensive video conference on the water problem in the country, appropriate measures are being taken to further improve the supply of drinking water to the population. From August 1, more than 50 water-carrying vehicles and vehicles with a total capacity of 500 m³ have been supplying water to the Neftchala region. Plastic water tanks with a total capacity of 800 m³ have been installed in the region, so that drinking water is transported to these tanks and used by the population during the day.

According to the information given by the Executive Power of the region to Primetime.az, at the same time, the water treatment facilities are supplied with water during the day. As a result of the control of the Akkusha river, the water level has risen. This created a favorable opportunity for farmers to improve the overall water supply.

Before the meeting, the daily water supply varied between 30-35 percent, but now this figure has doubled to 60-70 percent. At the same time, work is underway on the new 44 km water line from Salyan to Neftchala.

Hundreds of citizens' appeals are received daily by the Operational Headquarters established under the Neftchala District Executive Power in connection with the water problem, and these appeals are constantly answered. Timely water supply is provided to areas in need.

Following the meeting, in accordance with the instructions given by President Ilham Aliyev, the Operational Headquarters established under the Neftchala District Executive Power to attract new water equipment, install large water tanks and meet the needs of the population for drinking water continues until night. As a result, more than 1,000 m³ of drinking water is transported to the district, providing water to the city center, villages and settlements.
The problem of drinking water continues in Sumgayit - we go back to the 90s

Drinking water supply has been suspended in a part of Sumgayit since noon today, NOCOMMENT.az reports. Azersu OJSC said that there was no problem with water in Sumgayit: "It is possible that repair work is being carried out in some neighborhoods."

Our attempts to contact the internal numbers of the Sumgayit Water and Sewerage Department of Azersu OJSC and the head of the Department, Ilgar Abdullayev, failed. The population continues to be tested with drinking water during these hot summer days. It should be noted that the problem of drinking water in Sumgayit has remained unresolved for many years.

Although millions of state-guaranteed loans have been allocated from the state budget and international credit organizations for the renovation and overhaul of Sumgayit’s water infrastructure, this problem has not yet been resolved.